# **Anatomy/Biological Systems Curriculum Track**

High School Learning Objectives:

After completing this course, Scholars will able to:

- 1. Analyze the impact of consuming adequate and inadequate amounts of nutrients.
- 2. Evaluate the effects of healthy nutrition on exercise.
- 3. Articulate the health and academic benefits of physical activity
- 4. Evaluate the role that media plays in our health decisions.
- 5. Connect nutrition to metabolic diseases, specifically diabetes.
- 6. Explain the role that insulin plays in regulating blood glucose.
- 7. Analyze factors that influence type 2 diabetes, both in Baltimore and nationwide.
- 8. Develop a product to help regulate or decrease the occurrence of diabetes.
- 9. Explain the connection between metabolic diseases and cancer.

## Middle School Learning Objectives:

At the conclusion of the Anatomy curriculum, Scholars will be able to:

- 1. Identify 5 anatomical definitions (e.g. proximal, distal, anterior, etc.).
- 2. Verbalize 5 common safety rules when working in the dissection lab.
- 3. Actively participate in virtual dissections of the <u>cow eye</u>, <u>sheep heart</u>, <u>sheep brain</u> and <u>fetal pia</u>.
- 4. Identify rationale for animal dissection and how it can benefit human health.

## **Chemical Sciences Curriculum Track**

**High School Learning Objectives:** 

After completing this course, Scholars will able to:

- 1. Compare different careers within the field of forensic science.
- 2. Demonstrate how to gather, process and document evidence found at a crime scene.
- 3. Conduct various lab investigations to analyze evidence.
- 4. Make connections between forensic science and chemistry.
- 5. Reconstruct events using evidence in order to solve a crime.

## Middle School Learning Objectives:

At the conclusion of the Chemical Sciences curriculum, Scholars will be able to:

- 1. Verbalize 5 common safety rules when working in the lab and with food.
- 2. Define the difference between good and bad bacteria.
- 3. Actively participate in the food science curriculum lab.
- 4. Identify the relationship between food science, healthy behaviors, and cancer prevention.

#### Physical Sciences and Engineering Design I/II Curriculum Tracks

High School Learning Objectives:

After completing this course in Physical Sciences and Engineering Design II, Scholars will be able to:

- 1. Develop strategies and processes that can be used to demonstrate effective problem solving.
- 2. Design an app that inputs, outputs, stores, and processes information in order to solve a problem.
- 3. Analyze feedback to improve a computing artifact.
- 4. Develop a personal webpage/digital artifact.
- 5. Create programmatic images, animations, interactive art, and games in Studio Code's Game Lab.
- 6. Prototype technological solutions to a problem both on paper and in Studio Code's App Lab.
- 7. Analyze user feedback to make improvements to a design.
- 8. Explain how different systems are used to represent information in a computer.
- 9. Evaluate collections of data gathered from a computer to solve problems.
- Develop programs that utilize the same hardware inputs and outputs found in modern smart technology.
- 11. Experiment with the Adafruit Circuit Playground to innovate their own design.
- 12. Apply knowledge from learning modules to develop an app that addresses a health concern within their community.

## Middle School Learning Objectives:

At the conclusion of the Physical Sciences and Engineering Design I curriculum, Scholars will be able to:

- 1. Explain programming and give examples.
- 2. Apply basic engineering concepts to design automated medical devices.

- 3. Explain the reasons for their selected design.
- 4. Summarize the problem, solution, and future recommendations in an oral presentation.

## **STEM EXPO**

<u>Learning Objectives</u> as middle and high school Scholars work towards the STEM Expo:

- 1. Scholars will be able to (SWBAT) find and determine credible online sources.
- 2. SWBAT identify what pieces of information are most relevant to their research proposal.
- 3. SWBAT apply the scientific method (purpose, hypothesis, procedure, data, evidence, conclusion, etc.) to their research.
- 4. SWBAT internalize and present their research proposals with confidence.

